



	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National Curriculum/ EYFS aims	Physical Development: -Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery. Expressive Arts and Design -Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and functionShare their creations, explaining the process they have used.	activities, pupils sh knowledge, unders needed to engage i designing and mak a range of relevant the home and scho	tanding and skills n an iterative process of ng. They should work in contexts [for example, ol, gardens and cal community, industry	understanding and ski They should work in a	reative and practical activi Ils needed to engage in an range of relevant contexts dustry and the wider envir	iterative process of designs [for example, the home	gning and making.
National Curriculum (design objectives)	By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to: -Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteriaGenerate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.			-Use research and dev appealing products the -Generate, develop, m	age, pupils should be taught elop design criteria to info at are fit for purpose, aime odel and communicate th nal and exploded diagrams	orm the design of innovated at particular individual eir ideas through discuss	s or groups. ion, annotated





resources.  -Use gestures, talking and arrangements of materials and components to show design.  -Use contexts set by the teacher and myself.  -Use language of designing and making (join, build, shape, longer, shorter, heavier etc.).  -Explain what I want to do.  Explain what I want to do and describe how I may do it.  -Explain purpose of product, how it will work and how it will work and how it will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, for will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will work and how will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will work and how will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will be suitable for the user.  -Design a product, how it will be suitable for the user.  -Design by roduct.  -Explain how to create a design which shows order, equipment and tools.  -Explore similar existing products.  -Explain how the regularements in deas.  -Have at least one idea about how to create product and suggest improvements for design.  -Produce a plan of how to make the product and words.  -Explain how the regular ments in dividual needs and it if to purpose.  -Begin to create own design criteria.  -Begin to create own design meets a range of requirements.  -Follow at least one idea about how to create product and suggest improvements for design.  -Produce a plan of how to make the product and words.  -Explain how the result will work.  -Make a prototype.  -Explain how product will work.  -Make a prototype.  -Explain how product will work.  -Make design decisions considering availability of resources.  -Explain how parts of product will work.  -Make design decisions considering availability of resources.  -Explain how product will work.  -Make design oriteria.  -Have a range of requirements.  -Produce a plan of how to make the product and words.  -Have a range of requirements.  -Explain to to others.  -Explain to do and describe wild							
-Model and refine design ideas by making and refine design and ref	resources.  -Use gestures, talking and arrangements of materials and components to show design.  -Use contexts set by the teacher and myself.  -Use language of designing and making (join, build, shape, longer.	-Explain what I want to do. Explain what my product is for, and how it will workUse pictures and words to planDesign a product for myself following design criteriaExplore similar existing products.	plan what to do nextExplain what I want to do and describe how I may do itExplain purpose of product, how it will work and how it will be suitable for the userDescribe design using pictures, words, models and diagramsDesign products for myself and others following design criteriaChoose best tools and materials, and explain choicesUse knowledge of existing products to	range of requirementsDescribe purpose of productFollow a given design criteriaHave at least one idea about how to create productCreate a design which shows order, equipment and toolsDescribe design using an accurately labelled sketch and wordsExplain how the product will work.	ideasShow design meets a range of requirements and is fit for purposeBegin to create own design criteriaHave at least one idea about how to create product and suggest improvements for designProduce a plan of how to make the product and explain it to others, mention how realistic the plan isDesign using an annotated sketchMake and explain design decisions considering availability of resourcesExplain how product will work.	research and design ideas.  -Take a user's view into account when designingBegin to consider needs/wants of individuals/groups when designing and ensure product is fit for purpose.  -Create own design criteria.  -Have a range of ideasProduce a logical, realistic plan of how to make the product and explain it to othersUse cross-sectional planning and annotated sketches to design.  -Make design decisions considering time and resourcesClearly explain how parts of product will work.  -Model and refine design ideas by making	requirements for designIdentify features of design that will appeat to the intended userCreate own design criteria and specificationCome up with innovative design ideasFollow and refine a logical plan of how to make the productUse annotated sketches and cross-sectional planning when designing.





	By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to:			By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to:				
National Curriculum (Make objectives)	-		<del>-</del>	- Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for				
		•	d equipment to perform	example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.				
	practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and			,	O	•		
_ Ω <u>é</u>	finishing].				wider range of materials	•	•	
ona ke	-Select from and use a wide range of materials and			*	ingredients, according to	their functional propertie	s and aesthetic	
atic Ma	components, including construction materials, textiles and			qualities.				
ž	ingredients, according to their characteristics.							
	-Construct with a purpose, using a	-Explain what I'm making and why.	-Explain what I am making and why it fits	-Select suitable tools/equipment,	-Select suitable tools and equipment, explain	-Use selected tools/ equipment with good	-Use selected tools and equipment	
	variety of	-Consider what I	the purposeMake	explain choices and	choices in relation to	level of precision.	precisely.	
	resources.	need to do next.	suggestions as to what I	begin to use them	required techniques and	-Select appropriate	-Select appropriate	
	-Use simple tools	-Select tools/	need to do next.	accurately.	use accurately.	materials, fit for	materials, fit for	
	and techniques.	equipment to cut,	-Join	-Select appropriate	-Select appropriate	purpose and explain	purpose and explain	
	-Build/ construct	shape, join, finish	materials/components	materials, fit for	materials, fit for	choices, considering	choices, considering	
	with a wide range	and explain	together in different	purpose.	purpose and explain	functionality.	functionality and	
	of objects.	choices.	ways.	-Work through plan in	choices.	-Create and follow	aesthetics.	
	-Select tools and	-Measure, mark	-Measure, mark out, cut	order.	-Work through plan in	detailed step-by-step	-Create, follow, and	
	techniques to	out, cut and shape,	and shape materials and	-Begin to measure,	order.	plan.	adapt detailed step-	
	shape, assemble	with support	components, with	mark out, cut and	-Realise if the product is	-Explain how the	by-step plans.	
	and join.	-Choose suitable	supportDescribe	shape materials/	going to be good	product will appeal to an	-Explain how the	
a)	-Discuss how to	materials and	which tools I'm using	components with	quality.	audience.	product will appeal to	
Make	make an activity	explain choices.	and why.	some accuracy.	-Measure, mark out, cut	-Mostly accurately	audience and make	
≥	safe and hygienic.	-Work in a safe and	-Choose suitable	-Begin to assemble,	and shape materials/	measure, mark out, cut	changes to improve	
	-Record	hygienic manner.	materials and explain	join and combine	components with some	and shape materials/	the quality.	
	experiences by		choices depending on	materials and	accuracy.	components.	-Accurately measure,	
				•	, ,	1		
	voice recording.			•		, ,	·	
			•				· ·	
			-		1	1	•	
			•	with some accuracy.			•	
			hygienically.		•	_	· ·	
					accuracy.		· ·	
							7	
						with practical problems.		
	drawing, writing, voice recording.		characteristicsUse finishing techniques to make product look goodWork safely and hygienically.	components with some accuracyBegin to apply a range of finishing techniques with some accuracy.	-Assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracyApply a range of finishing techniques with some accuracy.	-Mostly accurately assemble, join and combine materials/ componentsMostly accurately apply a range of finishing techniques -Begin to be resourceful with practical problems.	mark out, cut and shape materials/ componentsAccurately assemb join and combine materials/ componentsAccurately apply a range of finishing techniquesBe resourceful with practical problems.	





<u>~</u> ∽	By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to:			By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to:				
ive	-Explore and evalua	te a range of existin	g products.	-Investigate and analy	se a range of existing prod	ucts.		
National Curriculum (Evaluate objectives)	-Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.			-Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their workUnderstand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world.				
Evaluate	-Adapt work if necessaryDismantle, examine and talk about existing objects/ structuresConsider and manage some risksPractise some appropriate safety measuresTalk about how things workLook at similarities and differences between existing objects/ materials/ tools.	-Talk about my work, linking it to what I was asked to doTalk about existing products considering: use, materials, how they work, audience, where they might be usedTalk about existing products, and say what is and isn't goodTalk about things that other people have madeBegin to talk about what could make the product better.	-Describe what went well, thinking about design criteriaTalk about existing products considering: use, materials, how they work, audience, where they might be used; express personal opinionEvaluate how good existing products areTalk about what I would do differently if I were to do it again and why.	-Use design criteria to evaluate finished productSay what I would change to make the design betterBegin to evaluate existing products, considering: how well they have been made, materials, whether they work, how they have been made, fit for purposeBegin to understand by whom, when and where products were designedLearn about some inventors/ designers/ engineers/ chefs/ manufacturers of ground-breaking products.	-Use design criteria to evaluate the productBegin to explain how I could improve original designEvaluate existing products, considering: how well they've been made, materials, whether they work, how they have been made, fit for purposeDiscuss by whom, when and where products were designedResearch whether products can be recycled or reused -Know about some inventors/ designers/ engineers/ chefs/ manufacturers of ground- breaking products.	-Evaluate the quality of the design while designing and makingEvaluate ideas and finished product against specification, considering purpose and appearanceTest and evaluate final productEvaluate and discuss existing products, considering: how well they've been made, materials, whether they work, how they have been made, fit for purposeBegin to evaluate how much products cost to make and how innovative they areResearch how sustainable materials areTalk about some key inventors/ designers/ engineers/ chefs/ manufacturers of	-Evaluate the quality of the design while designing and makingEvaluate ideas and finished product against specification, stating if it's fit for purposeTest and evaluate final product; explain what would improve it and the effect different resources may have hadDo thorough evaluations of existing products considering: how well they've been made, materials, whether they work, how they've been made, fit for purposeEvaluate how much products cost to make and how innovative they areResearch and discuss how sustainable materials are.	





						ground-breaking products.	-Consider the impact of products beyond their intended purposeDiscuss some key inventors/ designers/ engineers/ chefs/ manufacturers of ground-breaking products.	
National Curriculum (Technical Knowledge)	By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to: -Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stableExplore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.			By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to:  -Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures.  -Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages].  -Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors].  -Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.				
Technical Knowledge (Materials/ Structures)	-Begin to suggest ways to make the material/ product stronger.	-Begin to measure and join materials, with some supportDescribe differences in materialsSuggest ways to make material/ product stronger.	-Measure materialsDescribe some different characteristics of materialsJoin materials in different waysUse joining, rolling or folding to make it strongerUse own ideas to try to make product stronger.	-Use appropriate materialsWork accurately to make cuts and holesJoin materialsBegin to make strong structures.	-Measure carefully to avoid mistakesAttempt to make the product strongContinue working on the product even if the original didn't workMake a strong, stiff structure.	-Select materials carefully, considering intended use of product and appearanceMeasure the materials accuratelyEnsure product is strong and fit for purposeBegin to reinforce and strengthen a 3D structure.	-Select materials carefully, considering intended use of the product, the aesthetics and functionalityMeasure accurately enough to ensure precisionReinforce and strengthen a 3D structure.	





National Curriculum (Cooking and Nutrition)	By the end of the key stage, pupils -Use the basic principles of a hedishesUnderstand where food comes	ealthy and varied diet to p	-Understand and ap -Prepare and cook a techniques. -Understand seasor	By the end of the key stage, pupils should be taught to: -Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied dietPrepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking			
Technical Knowledge (Electrical Systems)			-Begin to use pneumatics to create movement.  -Use simple circuit in productLearn about how to program a computer to control product.	-Use a number of components in circuitProgram a computer to control product.	-Incorporate switch into productConfidently use number of components in circuitBegin to be able to program a computer to monitor changes in environment and control product.	-Use cams, pulleys and gears to create movement.  -Use different types of circuit in productThink of ways in which adding a circuit would improve productProgram a computer to monitor changes in environment and control product.	
Technical Knowledge (Mechanisms)	-Begin to us or sliders.	-Use levers or sli -Begin to unders how to use whee axles.	tand tools/ techniquesAlter product after checking, to make it betterBegin to try new/ different ideasUse simple lever and linkages to create movement.	-Use levers and linkages to create movement.	-Refine the product after testingGrow in confidence about trying new/different ideasUse levers and linkages to create movementBegin to use cams, pulleys or gears to create movement.	-Refine product after testing, considering aesthetics, functionality and purposeIncorporate hydraulics and pneumaticsBe confident to try new/ different ideas.	





		-Discuss how to	-Describe textures	-Explain hygiene and	-Carefully select	-Explain how to be safe/	-Explain how to be safe/	-Understand a recipe
		make an activity	of food.	keep a hygienic	ingredients.	hygienic.	hygienic and follow	can be adapted by
		safe and hygienic.	-Wash hands &	cooking area.	-Use equipment safely.	-Think about presenting	school guidelines.	adding/ substituting
		-Practise stirring,	clean surfaces.	-Describe properties	-Make the product	the product in	-Present the product	ingredients.
		mixing and	-Think of	of ingredients and	look attractive.	interesting/ attractive	well- interesting,	-Explain the
		pouring.	interesting ways to	importance of varied	-Think about how to	ways.	attractive and fit for	seasonality of foods.
		-Discuss use of	decorate food.	diet.	grow plants to use in	-Understand ingredients	purpose.	-Learn about food
		senses.	-Say where some	-Say where food comes	cooking.	can be fresh, pre-cooked	-Begin to understand	processing methods.
		-Understand need	foods come from	from (i.e. animal,	-Begin to understand	or processed.	seasonality of foods.	-Name some types of
		for variety in food.	(i.e. plant or	underground etc.).	food comes from the	-Begin to understand	-Understand food can be	food that are grown,
		-Begin to	animal).	-Describe how food is	UK and the wider	about food being grown,	grown, reared or caught	reared or caught in the
		understand that	-Describe	farmed, home-grown,	world.	reared or caught in the	in the UK and the wider	UK or wider world.
		eating well	differences	caught.	-Describe how a	UK or wider world.	world.	-Adapt recipes to
		contributes to good	between some	-Draw an eat well plate;	healthy diet means a	-Describe an eat well	-Describe how recipes	change appearance,
	o	health.	food groups (i.e.	explain there are groups	variety of food/drinks.	plate and how a healthy	can be adapted to	taste, texture or
	ij		sweet, vegetable	of food.	-Explain how food and	diet means a variety of	change appearance,	aroma.
	Ę		etc.).	-Describe what is meant	drink are needed for	food and drinks.	taste, texture and	-Describe some of the
	פַ		-Discuss how fruit	by "five a day".	active/ healthy bodies.	-Explain the importance	aroma.	different substances in
	a		and vegetables are	-Cut, peel and grate with	-Prepare and cook	of food and drink for	-Explain how there are	food and drink, and
	Cooking and Nutrition		healthy.	increasing confidence.	some dishes safely	active, healthy bodies.	different substances in	how they can affect
	Š		-Cut, peel and		and hygienically.	-Prepare and cook some	food/ drink needed for	health.
	ŏ		grate safely, with		-Grow in confidence	dishes safely and	health.	-Prepare and cook a
			support.		using some of the	hygienically.	-Prepare and cook some	variety of savoury
					following techniques:	-Use some of the	savoury dishes safely	dishes safely and
					peeling, chopping,	following techniques:	and hygienically	hygienically including,
					slicing, grating, mixing,	peeling, chopping, slicing,	including, where	where appropriate,
					spreading, kneading	grating, mixing,	appropriate, use of heat	the use of heat
					and baking.	spreading, kneading and	source.	source.
						baking.	-Use a range of	-Use a range of
							techniques such as	techniques
							peeling, chopping,	confidently such as
							slicing, grating, mixing,	peeling, chopping,
							spreading, kneading and	slicing, grating,
							baking.	mixing, spreading,
								kneading and baking.
- 1			1		1			